

HERE ARE SOME EXAMPLES OF TYPICAL TESTS. (*3 times table and a mixed test for 6,7 & 8 times tables*)

IF LEARNING A SINGLE TABLE JUST REPLACE THE END DIGIT BELOW (3) WITH THE TABLE BEING LEARNED.

Mix them up as well so they have a different order each time!

3 x table

1	$3 \times 3 =$
2	$8 \times 3 =$
3	$11 \times 3 =$
4	$6 \times 3 =$
5	$9 \times 3 =$
6	$2 \times 3 =$
7	$5 \times 3 =$
8	$7 \times 3 =$
9	$4 \times 3 =$
10	$12 \times 3 =$
11	$10 \times 3 =$
12	$2 \times 3 =$
13	$9 \times 3 =$
14	$7 \times 3 =$
15	$10 \times 3 =$
16	$4 \times 3 =$
17	$8 \times 3 =$
18	$5 \times 3 =$
19	$3 \times 3 =$
20	$12 \times 3 =$
21	$6 \times 3 =$
22	$11 \times 3 =$
23	$8 \times 3 =$
24	$5 \times 3 =$
25	$3 \times 3 =$
26	$10 \times 3 =$
27	$7 \times 3 =$
28	$9 \times 3 =$
29	$4 \times 3 =$
30	$6 \times 3 =$

6x 7x 8x mixed

1	$3 \times 6 =$
2	$5 \times 7 =$
3	$11 \times 8 =$
4	$7 \times 7 =$
5	$9 \times 8 =$
6	$2 \times 6 =$
7	$6 \times 8 =$
8	$8 \times 6 =$
9	$4 \times 7 =$
10	$12 \times 8 =$
11	$10 \times 7 =$
12	$11 \times 6 =$
13	$9 \times 6 =$
14	$7 \times 8 =$
15	$12 \times 7 =$
16	$4 \times 7 =$
17	$8 \times 8 =$
18	$5 \times 6 =$
19	$3 \times 8 =$
20	$12 \times 6 =$
21	$6 \times 7 =$
22	$11 \times 8 =$
23	$8 \times 7 =$
24	$5 \times 8 =$
25	$4 \times 6 =$
26	$10 \times 8 =$
27	$7 \times 6 =$
28	$9 \times 7 =$
29	$4 \times 8 =$
30	$6 \times 6 =$

These are just examples but you can do the same as this every week at home to help your child learn the tables.

Just write out 30 questions in a random order. Each week the children will be tested in the same way at school.

This is a consistent approach throughout the school, with no need to learn new methods each year.

Again weekly practice on these 'tables' is part of the homework set for children in years 2 to 6.